

衡水名校联盟 2021 年高考押题预测卷

英语 · 全解全析

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A	C	B	C	C	C	A	A	B	B
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
C	A	C	B	A	A	C	B	C	A
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
B	C	A	D	A	C	D	A	B	C
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
B	D	B	C	A	F	G	B	C	E
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
C	A	D	B	C	C	B	D	A	D
51	52	53	54	55					
B	A	D	B	C					

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

1—5 ACBCC 6—10 CAABB 11—15 CACBA 16—20 ACBCA

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

A

【文章大意】本文是一篇应用文，主要介绍了野生阿拉斯加旅游之地相关内容。

- 21.B 【解析】考查细节理解。原文第一段 “America’s least visited national park drawing fewer than 10,000 visitors a year”可以得知游客稀少是它最大的问题。A 和 D 是问题的原因，C 与原文矛盾，原文说的是 “should consider a guided tri”需要考虑有导游的旅行，故选 B。
- 22.C 【解析】考查细节理解。根据题干 brown bears 可以定位原文 NATURAL WONDERS 下面的第三个标题，可以得知地点是正在 the Noatak River，故选 C。
- 23.A 【解析】考查细节理解。根据题干 threatens the caribou herd now 可以定位到原文最后一段最后一句话 The caribou herd is now threatened by climate change.故选 A。

B

【文章大意】本文是一篇记叙文。本文写了盲人 Jack 与他的盲猫的故事。

- 24.D 【解析】考查细节理解。根据题干信息，答案锁定在第二段。当朋友问我还想要只猫吗？有只猫没有眼睛，没人想要。 Without thinking I told her that I did want the kitten. 不假思索地我就告诉她，我确实想要它。可知作者并不介意它是只瞎猫。故答案选 D。
- 25.A 【解析】考查词义猜测。结合第三段内容，Jack 没有眼睛，当我们把它带回家的时候，它只是待在我

的房间里，大约一天之后，到处跑，到处爬就没有困难了。可知答案为 A。

26.C 【解析】考查细节理解。根据第四段第四句话，Jack 跑过院子到达 Bear 那里，可知它们是在户外摔跤，而非 indoors，排除 A。文章没有提到 Bear 没有眼睛，所以排除 B 项。根据第三段对 Jack 的描述，大约一天后，它到处跑，到处爬就不成问题了，可知它适应环境挺快的。故答案为 C。D 错在擅长跟人说话，Jack 只是一只猫。

27.D 【解析】考查推理判断。文章通过最后一段话中 “He doesn't feel sorry for himself. He doesn't need pity. I think Jean, owner of Gumbo, another eyeless cat, said it best when she told me that cats don't have disabilities, they have adaptability.” 可以得知他并不为自己感到难过。他不需要同情。我想另一只无眼猫秋葵的主人琼说得最好，她告诉我猫没有残疾，它们有适应能力。故选 D。

C

【文章大意】本文是一篇记叙文，通过作者在泰国目睹大象的悲惨遭遇，呼吁人们关注大象的命运。

28.A 【解析】考查细节理解。细节理解题。根据第一段 “I've come back to check on a baby.”，可知作者回来检查是因为不放心小象 Meena。故选 A 项。

29.B 【解析】考查细节理解。根据第二段 “A fourth foot twisted above the surface, tied tightly by a short chain and choked by ring of metal spikes(尖刺) When the elephant tires and puts her foot down, the spikes press deeper into her ankle.” 可知，小象 Meena 被带刺的铁链拴着，一只脚不能落下，可知小象被虐待，并且很痛苦，故选 B 项。

30.C 【解析】考查推理判断。根据第三段 “He said he keeps her on the spiked chain only during the day and takes it off at night. But it's night now.” 结合全文作者对大象悲惨命运的描写，可知作者对这些被人类囚禁以营利的动物表示同情。故选 C 项。

31.B 【解析】考查推理判断。根据本文判断作者同情这些旅游地为吸引游客而被囚禁的大象等动物的命运，作者写本文就是为了呼吁人们去关心这些动物的命运，故选 B 项。

D

【解题导语】本文是一篇说明文。讲述长肢领航鲸拥有模仿虎鲸的声音的能力。

32. D 【解析】细节理解题。A 选项在原文第一句话就表明，“Cetaceans(鲸目动物) communicate through sound”；B 选项，通过第二段 “live in social groups with strong union” 可以得知，他们都是群居动物；C 选项在第二段第一句话中 “are often seen in the same environments” 直接可以看出来；D 选项根据第一段 “The long-finned pilot whales can mimic (模仿) artificial noise” 可知，pilot whales 会模仿声音，但是并未提及 orcas 模仿声音。综上所述，故选 D。

33. B 【解析】考察细节理解。A 选项通过原文 “not be recognized as prey” 可以得知 pilot whales 模仿声音是为了不被当作猎物，而非为了捕猎。B 选项通过原文 “eating orcas' food remains might go unnoticed if they

use orca-like calls.”可以得知如果虎鲸使用类似虎鲸的叫声，吃虎鲸的食物残渣可能会被忽视。这里 pretend 就是原文的同义改写。C 选项“only mimic one kind of”过于绝对化，而且原文最后一句话表明他们会模仿各种声音。D 选项通过最后一句“instead of tricking orcas”可以得知并不是为了欺骗误导虎鲸。

34. C 【解析】考察细节理解。通过原文倒数第二段 “Researchers could pair their listening data with direct observations of the animals’ interactions in the wild or perhaps even play orca sounds and watch the whales’ reactions.”可以得知研究人员可以将他们的听觉数据与野生动物相互作用的直接观察配对，甚至可以播放逆戟鲸的声音，观察鲸鱼的反应。故选 C。

35. A 【解析】考察主旨大意。通读全文，文章的中心名词是 pilot whales 以及 sound,所以选 A。BC 关键词 Orcas 错误，Largest Animals 以及 Predators 都是某个段的细节词，不能概括为标题 D 选项中 Ways 方式是第三段的细节内容，故排除。

第二节 (共 5 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 12.5 分)

【文章大意】本文是一篇说明文，主要介绍了减少抱怨的几种方法。

36. F 【解析】空格在段中，根据前面一句话 “complaining doesn’t always have a negative impact.”表明抱怨并不一定全是坏处，再根据后面 however，可以确定，空格处应选择抱怨的好处。可以得知 F。

37. G 【解析】空格在段落末尾，仔细看我们会发现前面一句的句式是 if 条件句加祈使句的结构，选项 G 正好也是这个结构，表示如果你的同事在说你老板的坏话，问问他是否遇到了新员工。根据句式一致原则，我们把选项 G 带入原文，会发现就是和小标题 change the subject 一致。故选 G。

38. B 【解析】此空格是小标题形式，根据前后的标题都是动词原形开头，可以把答案锁定在 ABD 中，根据后面内容中 ask nicely what she’s done to improve it.可以确定是 action，而非 the effect 或者 the word complaining.

39. C 【解析】空格在段首，空格后是逗号，可以确定需要填入半句话，观察选项只有 C 是半句话形式，故选 C。

40. E 【解析】空格在段中，根据后面一句话 Otherwise, if you hide your feelings and continue listening to repeated complaints 可以确定空格应该是 not hide your feelings. 再根据前面 tresses you out with loads of pessimism.以及小标题心与心的交流，应该是坦诚自己的想法。故选 E。

第三部分 语言知识运用（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节 完形填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

【文章大意】这是一篇记叙文。文章通过讲述一艘英国战舰差点与灯塔相撞的故事，告诉我们一个道理：当生活把一个不可移动的东西摆在你面前时，你要改变的是你自己，所以，改变方向，继续前进。

- 41.C 【解析】考查介词短语辨析。句意：由于大雾，能见度很低，所以船长登上瞭望塔上，密切注意着所有的活动。A. in spite of 尽管；B. in addition to 除了；C. on account of 由于；D. on top of 在……之上。由本处的 The visibility was poor___41___ heavy fog 可知，是由于大雾，能见度很低。故选 C 项。
- 42.A 【解析】考查动词短语辨析。句意：由于大雾，能见度很低，所以船长登上瞭望塔上，密切注意着所有的活动。A. keeping an eye on 密切注意；B. enquiring about 询问；C. engaging in 从事；D. turning a deaf ear to 充耳不闻。由上文语境可知，这艘英国战舰在恶劣的天气下在海上航行了好几天，雾大能见度低，因此船长上了瞭望塔，密切注意着船和船周边的一切活动（以防发生意外）。故选 A 项。
- 43.D 【解析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：不久，瞭望员报告说前面有一盏灯闪着。A. charging 收费；B. falling 落下；C. fading 褪色；D. flashing 闪光。由下文的 The light was steady 可知，前方有灯闪着。故选 D 项。
- 44.B 【解析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：那个船长问：“它是稳定的还是朝我们的船移动的？”A. shooting 射击；B. moving 移动；C. pointing 指出；D. looking 看。由下文的 the two sides would have the risk of crashing into each other 可知，船长问灯是稳定的，还是在向他们的船移动，如果灯是移动的，他们就有相撞的风险。故选 B 项。
- 45.C 【解析】考查名词词义辨析。句意：瞭望员回答说：“灯光是稳定的，但我们的船要与那艘船相撞。”A. instruction 说明书；B. method 方法；C. ship 船；D. captain 船长。由下文的 the two sides would have the risk of crashing into each other if they didn't ___47___ course 可知，如果双方不重新调整航向的话，船长的船要与那艘船相撞，此处指“我们的船”（船长的船）。故选 C 项。
- 46.C 【解析】考查名词词义辨析。句意：瞭望员回答说：“灯光是稳定的，但我们的船要与那艘船相撞。”A. trade 贸易；B. peace 和平；C. collision 碰撞；D. comparison 比较。由下文的 the two sides would have the risk of crashing into each other if they didn't ___47___ course 可知，如果双方不重新调整航向的话，船长的船要与那艘船相撞。故选 C 项。
- 47.B 【解析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：船长命令瞭望员向那艘船发出信号，并告诉他们，如果双方不重新调整航向，就有相撞的危险。A. affect 影响；B. readjust 重新调整；C. admit 承认；D. uncover 揭开。由下文的 they had to change their course 可知，船长立即改变航向（避免了相撞），所以此处指重新调整航向。故选 B 项。
- 48.D 【解析】考查形容词词义辨析。句意：回来了一个信号，“你们改道才是明智的。”A. typical 典型的；B. early 早的；C. challenging 挑战性的；D. advisable 明智的。由全文语境可知，这里回信号的是灯塔，灯塔无法改变航向，为了避免相撞，船长的船改变航向才是明智的。故选 D 项。
- 49.A 【解析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：“船长，我以前从未见过你勃然大怒。”瞭望员说了又（按船长说的）做了。A. blow 吹；B. reach 到达；C. stuff 填满；D. show 展示。由上文的 Then the captain shouted

angrily 可知，船长很生气，此处指瞭望员从未见过船长勃然大怒，固定搭配 blow one's top（勃然大怒）。故选 A 项。

50.D 【解析】考查形容词词义辨析。句意：船长知道这件事后大吃一惊，他们不得不立即改变航向。A. heartbroken 心碎的；B. innocent 天真的；C. relieved 放心的；D. thunderstruck 大吃一惊。由上文语境可知，船长以为对面的是一艘船，然而实际上，对面的是灯塔，所以船长知道后大吃一惊。故选 D 项。

51.B 【解析】考查副词词义辨析。句意：船长知道这件事后大吃一惊，他们不得不立即改变航向。A. temporarily 暂时地；B. instantly 立即地；C. slowly 慢慢地；D. merrily 愉快地。由上文语境可知，船长以为对面的是一艘船，一直叫对面改变航向以避免相撞，然而实际上，对面的是灯塔，为了避免相撞，他们不得不立即改变航向。故选 B 项。

52.A 【解析】考查副词词义辨析。句意：在我们的人生道路上，我们有时不得不改变方向：否则，我们会遇到砖墙。A. otherwise 否则；B. however 然而；C. therefore 因此；D. anyway 无论如何。由上文语境可知，船长的船如果不改变航向就会撞上灯塔，人生路上也是一样，为了避免相撞我们不得不改变方向，否则就会遇见砖墙（撞上去），前后两句是转折关系，应用 otherwise。故选 A 项。

53.D 【解析】考查名词短语辨析。句意：在我们的人生道路上，我们有时不得不改变方向：否则，我们会遇到砖墙。A. top secret 绝密；B. safe path 安全路径；C. comfort zone 舒适区；D. brick wall 砖墙。由上文语境可知，船长的船如果不改变航向就会撞上灯塔，人生路上也是一样，为了避免相撞我们不得不改变方向，否则就会遇见砖墙（撞上去）。故选 D 项。

54.B 【解析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：有些人花了很多时间试图改变周围的一切，却没有意识到只有改变自己才能成功。A. learn 学习；B. make 使；C. take 拿走；D. see 看见。由上文语境可知，船长一直叫对面的船改变航向以避免相撞，然而，对面的船实际上是灯塔，最后船长通过自己改变航向避免了相撞，人生路上也是如此，试图改变周围的一切是很难的，只有改变自己才能成功，固定搭配 make it（成功）。故选 B 项。

55.C 【解析】考查名词词义辨析。句意：所以，当生活把一个不可移动的东西摆在你面前时，坚持这个秘密：改变方向，继续前进。A. opportunity 机会；B. target 目标；C. object 东西；D. fantasy 幻想。由上文语境可知，灯塔就是那个不可移动的东西，船长不改变航向，就会撞上去，但最后船长通过自己改变航向避免了相撞，所以在人生旅途中，当生活把一个不可移动的东西摆在你面前时，你要学会自己改变方向，继续前进。故选 C 项。

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

【文章大意】本文为说明文，介绍了激光照亮了世界最高树木的碳储存能力。

56. the

【解析】考查虚词。本题为纯空格格式，需要我们填写虚词（介词，冠词或者连词），再根据空格后的最高级 tallest 这个词，故填写 the。

57. to

【解析】考查虚词。本题为纯空格格式，需要我们填写虚词（介词，冠词或者连词），空格是在 which 引导的从句中，所以只能在冠词和介词中选择，再根据空格前的 key 这个词，我们知道和 key 搭配的介词为 to，故填写 to。

58. using

【解析】考查非谓语动词。括号中为动词，空格一般填写动词的时态或者非谓语动词。句子中已经有 have surveyed 这个谓语动词，所以空格处需要填写非谓语的形式，use 的逻辑主语是 researchers，故用 doing 的形式表示调查所使用的方法。故填写 using。

59. assessed

【解析】考查动词的时态。括号中为动词，空格一般填写动词的时态或者非谓语动词。句子中没有已知的谓语动词，故空格处需填写谓语的形式，即动词的时态及语态。根据下一句的谓语动词 scanned 可以得知，空格处动词需是一般过去时即可。故填写 assessed。

60. directions

【解析】考查词性转换。空格为形容词，根据空格前面 multiple 形容词，可以确定空格处需填写名词的复数形式，表示各种方向。故填写 directions。

61. detailed

【解析】考查词性转换。空格处前后为“冠词+___+名词”的形式，这个中间需填写形容词，即 detailed。

62. than

【解析】考查比较级。本题为纯空格格式，需要我们填写虚词（介词，冠词或者连词），从句子中“coastal redwoods tended to be about 30 percent larger，”可以得知比较级后需填写 than。

63. called

【解析】考查非谓语动词。括号中为动词，空格一般填写动词的时态或者非谓语动词。because 从句中已经有一谓语动词 sprout，那么空格处需填写非谓语的形式。逻辑主语 the process 和 call 应该是被动的关系，故填写 called。

64. and

【解析】考查固定搭配。本题为纯空格格式，需要我们填写虚词（介词，冠词或者连词），空格前面有 between，空格前后都是名词，那么需填写 and 构成 between A and B 的结构。

65 . on

【解析】考查定语从句。本题为纯空格格式，需要我们填写虚词（介词，冠词或者连词），句中已有两个谓语动词，分别是 can increase 和 is，句中没有连词，故空格处需要填写连词。从句在 old-growth forests 名词后面，即定语从句。根据从句后面缺少主语以及先行词为物，我们可以填写 that 或者 which。

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（满分 15 分）

【参考范文】

Dear Editor,

With the learning task increasing in high school, more and more high school students are beginning to stay up late to study. Recently we did a survey about whether high school freshmen should stay up late to study or not

Opinions are divided into two parts. 60% of the students think they should study at night because there is no noise at that time and that they have higher learning efficiency.

However others think that they should stay up late to study have three reasons. First staying up does great harm to health. Second it is of no help to improve their grades. Third they will be dozy during the day so that gains cannot make up for losses.

As far as I'm concerned, health is more important than anything else. It is normal for high school freshmen to stay up late to study, but it is very harmful to health if they stay up too late frequently.

Yours

Li Hua

第二节（满分 25 分）

【参考范文】

Para 1 We hurried to their lovely home. I was totally at a loss what to say when the woman supplied us new clothes since ours were all wet through the rain. Wearing the new clothes, **warmth spread throughout my entire body. Throwing a warm smile at the woman, I thanked her from the bottom of my heart.** “Would you like a cup of coffee?” she **questioned. Then,** a cup of hot coffee was **handed into** my hand. I smiled, “Sure!” **The next moment** witnessed our happy time when we shared most of our travelling story. **For the first time,** the stranger's warmth found its way straight into my heart.

Para 2 We'd encounter more kindness on the trip. **The next day,** we continued our trip. Whenever we got into trouble, the travelers or the passersby would **extend their helping hand** to us. **Tired and exhausted as we were,** the kindness from the strangers really astonished me. **From that trip on,** I would always open up to people I don't

know because I know most of them would be always ready to show their kindness.

听力原文

Text 1

M: What a lovely song! May I have one more dance with you, Miss Bennet?

W: My pleasure, Mr. Bingley.

Text 2

W: Have you had a good time in Shanghai Disneyland?

M: Waiting in lines takes most part of this so called “happy journey”. I tell you I’d never go to that place again.

Text 3

W: You look dreadful. You should have slept early last night instead of hanging out in the pub so late.

M: What are you talking about? I’d never waste my precious Friday night just lying on the bed.

Text 4

W: Wanna grab a beer after work, Tony?

M: No, Dorothy. I promised my mum I’d come right back home when I’m off.

W: Hmm. Mummy’s good boy, aren’t you? Come on! We can have some beer and then go to the dancing club!

M: Alright. Beer is fine, but no dancing, okay?

Text 5

W: What’s your secret of making this amazing roasted beef, Mr. Pike? Look at the melting cheese on the meat! So tempting!

M: Well, most people think it’s the spice I use, but I tell you Nancy, the key always lies in the red wine I add.

Text 6

M: Can you tell me the details of what happened, Miss Marple?

W: I was waiting outside of the bank. And, through the window, I saw the robber approach the cashier, pull out a gun, and demand that she hand over all the money from the drawer. Then he shot at the guard before running out and getting in a car.

M: Do you still remember the license plate number of that car?

W: It’s BD16SMJ.

M: Thanks for your information, Miss Marple. Please contact us if you remember anything more.

W: I will.

Text 7

M: Fancy a big juicy steak, Stacy?

W: No, thanks. I don’t eat meat.

M: Since when you became a vegetarian?

W: I watched a documentary about all the animals we keep for eating a few years ago, and it’s just brutal!

M: I see. But it’s hard to find a vegetarian friendly restaurant in this small town, isn’t it?

W: Yeah, so most of the time I cook for myself.

M: Wow! It’s been years since I tried some home-made food! What do you say we go back to your place and you cook something for me?

W: Only if you don’t mind if all you eat is leaves and fruits.

M: Perfect! Let's go!

Text 8

W: I'm so sorry, I'm late, Mr. Stone.

M: I think I did ask Miss Jones to inform everyone that the meeting started at eleven o'clock sharp. Now ten minutes have passed already.

W: I'm really sorry, Mr. Stone. It's raining cats and dogs and I had to wait ages for a taxi.

M: Is finding excuses the only thing you're good at? You should know there won't always be sunshine waiting for you outside. And look at last month's performance of your department. How many products have you and your team sold out, if I may ask?

W: I'm sorry...

M: I didn't pay you to apologize. If you can't change the current situation, I'm afraid you're not needed here anymore.

Text 9

M: What made you join the Tai Chi club, Monica?

W: I used to like to play volleyball and tennis, now I just want to try a sport which is not that intense for a change.

M: Why didn't you choose yoga? It's very popular nowadays and also involves less physical intensity.

W: Well, another reason why I chose Tai Chi was because I always have a fascination with Chinese culture.

M: How does Tai Chi relate to Chinese culture? I thought it's just a way of exercise.

W: It's more than that. The core concept of Tai Chi is to find balance in your life. Like if you eat too much, you'll become overweight; but if you don't eat enough, you'll suffer other health problems. The key is "never too much nor too less".

M: Wow, that's deep. But do you get tired after you do Tai Chi? I know you have heavy work.

W: Quite the opposite. After playing Tai Chi, my mind is more relaxed and it's much easier for me to get focused.

Text 10

M: Half of primary schools will adopt the traditional Chinese method of math teaching in a Government drive to stop British kids falling behind their Asian competitors.

Previous tests have shown the average math ability of 15-year-olds in Shanghai, China is three years more advanced and complex than that of 15-year-olds in the U.K. Under the Government's new plans, children as young as five will have to practice sums and exercises, and must master each concept through repetition before moving to the next.

Nick Gibb, Minister of State for Schools, announced that training would be provided for 8,000 primary schools — half of the country's total — to switch to the Shanghai "mastery" approach. "I am confident that the steps we are taking now will ensure young people are properly prepared for further study and the 21st-century workplace," he said.

There are also some other voices.

Critics complain that this "progressive" math-teaching style which focuses on practice and repetition is difficult to apply to real-life situations. They say that the reform would lead to confusion, and could even stop children from learning the basics and enjoying the subject.